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Multiple measurements approach for the uncertainty determination of X-ray computed tomography dimensional measurements

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Multiple measurements strategies

- The approach was previously proposed for tactile coordinate measuring machines (CMMs) (*Trapet E, Savio E, De Chiffre L; CIRP Annals* 2004)
 http://eucom-empir.eu/
- Currently under refinement within the European project EUCoM (Evaluating Uncertainty in Coordinate Measurement)



- Principle: repeated measurements varying the sample orientation to randomize the systematic errors so that an averaging and an evaluation of uncertainty based on the variance of results can be applied.
- <u>Main advantage</u>: calibrated samples (that can be difficult and/or expensive to manufacture and/or calibrate) similar to the objects to be measured are not needed



Multiple measurements approach: case study



CT reconstruction of AM lattice structure 3 mm $\cong \emptyset 0.4 mm$ Example of non-Measurands accessible feature (circles, cylinders)



Additional tests

- Form & length standards (not required to be similar to lattice structure)
- Evaluation/correction of scale error and probing error of size

Multiple measurements approach: case study







2. Substitution approach VDI/VDE 2630-2.1 (measurement uncertainty of lattice structure)



3. Multiple measurement approach (validation using the calibrated object)



Comparison

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Validation

Multiple measurements approach: case study



Substitution approach

(VDI/VDE 2630-2.1:2015)





Substitution approach

Influence of form errors and surface texture

 \rightarrow to be taken into account in the uncertainty





Comparison of approaches

CT measurement of lattice structure: diameters (nominal 0.4 mm) of horizontal features



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U = expanded uncertainty (95 % confidence interval)

Results



Multiple measurement approach applied to the calibrated object



Measurands

*ISO/IEC 17043:2010, Conformity assessment — general requirements for proficiency testing, ISO, Geneva.



Comparison of approaches



- Main advantage of multiple measurement approach: it does not require the use of calibrated samples similar to the measured objects
- Further investigations are needed to better understand if the multiple measurement approach gives sufficient weight to the effect of form errors and surface texture.

□ Multiple measurements approach applied on the reference object

- \checkmark E_N < 1 for all the investigated measurands
- ✓ Increase of E_N when the bias is corrected → further investigations are needed

Choice of multiple orientations might be difficult

It depends on the specific sample geometry and dimensions





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Thank you for your attention

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